



Training Caregivers Via Telehealth Technologies

Dorothea C. Lerman, Ph.D., BCBA-D



CADD
CENTER FOR AUTISM AND
DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES

NAVIGATION

Autism Center Services

Adolescent Services

Teen Social Skills (PEERS)

Additional Autism Center Information

TELEHEALTH ABA THERAPY

Kids On The Move has converged the most highly recommended treatment for autism with secure video technology to deliver care in-home, where it is needed most. We are expanding access to [Applied Behavior Analysis \(ABA\) therapy](#) through the use of telehealth (online video conferencing) technology to close the gap between individuals with autism obtaining this much needed therapy and their geographical location.

Hi all - thanks for allowing me to join this group. I am a BCBA and love the company I work for but my family and I have an idea of selling everything and living on the road for a year. I'm seeing what's out there for remote telehealth options in the field. Any tips or suggestions!

Looking for any opportunity to work remotely as a BCBA. I have been practicing as a BCBA for 6 years. Located in Ohio. Any ideas or leads would be greatly appreciated!
Thanks!

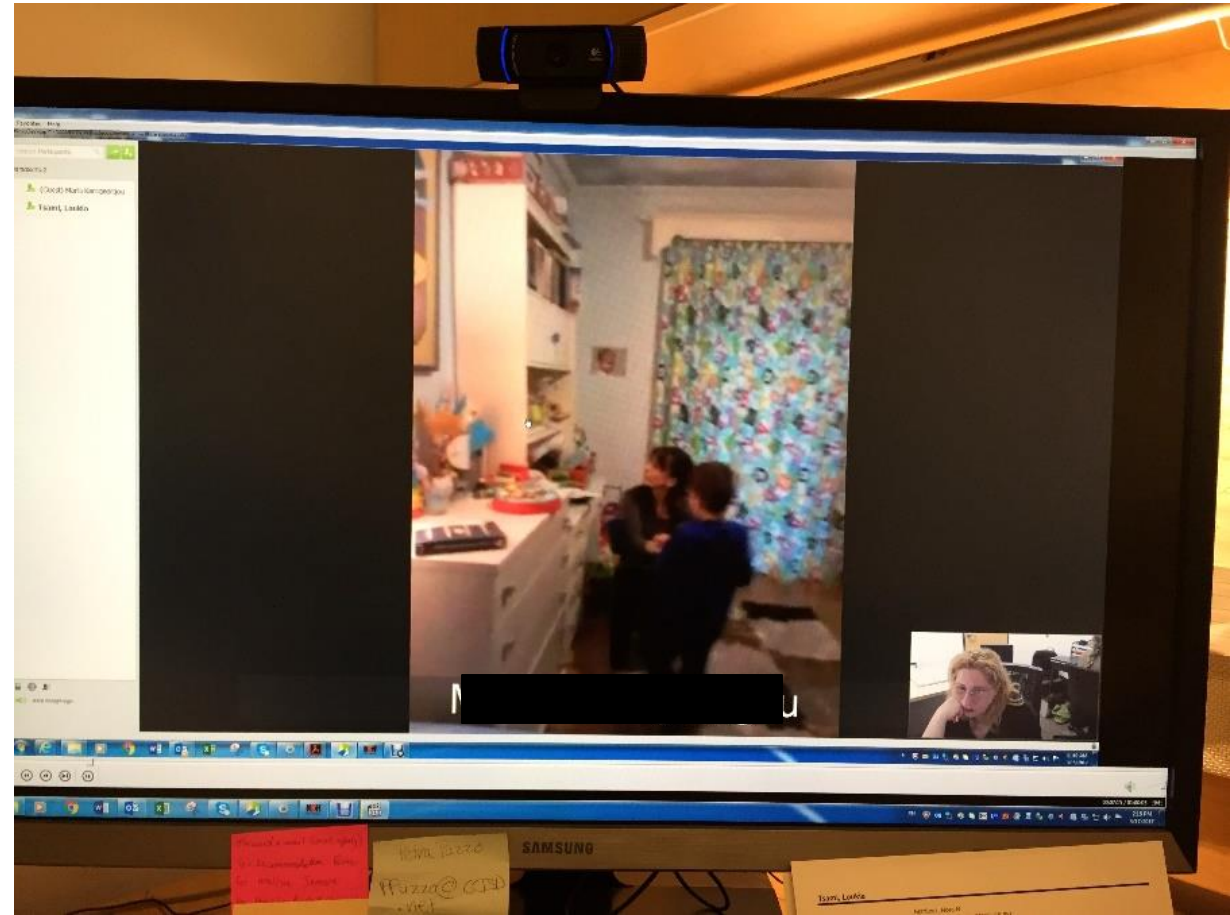
WE CAN SAVE THE WORLD WITH BEHAVIOR ANALYSIS!



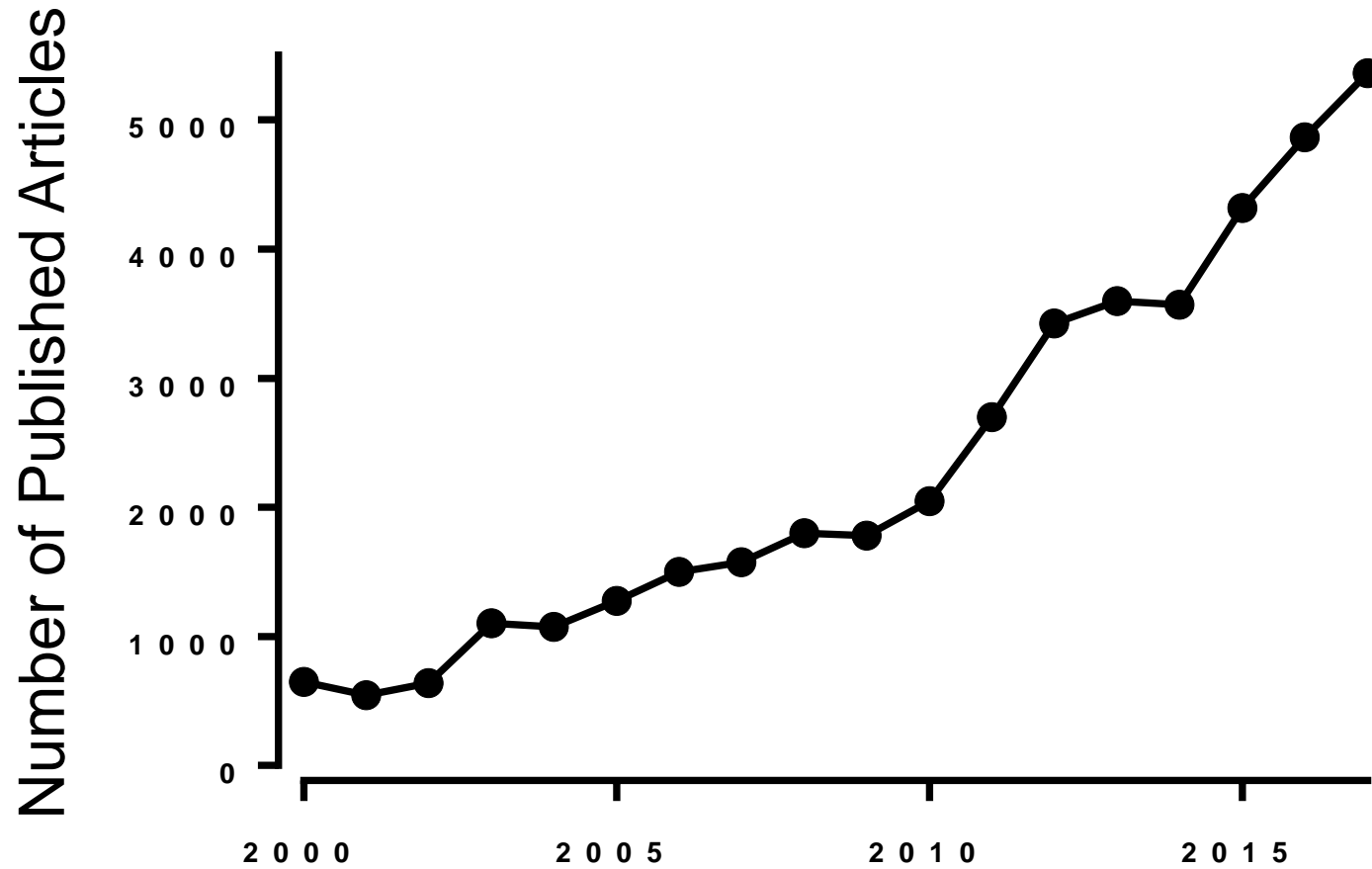


HIPAA-Compliant Software

- Vidyo
- Vsee
- Zoom



EBSCO Search – “Telehealth” or “Telemedicine” Peer-viewed articles



The Pioneer of Telehealth ABA Services (2006 -)



David Wacker, Ph.D
University of Iowa (recently retired)

- Functional Analysis of Problem Behavior
- Functional Communication Training

J Behav Educ
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s10864-018-9292-0>

ORIGINAL PAPER

Training Individuals to Implement Analytic Procedures via Telehealth: Review of the Literature

Serena R. L. Tomlinson¹ · Nick Gore¹ · Peter M.

J Dev Phys Disabil (2017) 29:849–874
DOI 10.1007/s10882-017-9550-4

REVIEW ARTICLE


Fidelity Outcomes for Autism-Focused Interventionists Coached via Telepractice: a Systematic Literature Review

Leslie Neely¹ · Mandy Rispoli² · Stephanie Gerow³ ·
Ee Rea Hong⁴ · Shanna Hagan-Burke⁵

Journal of Autism and Developmental Disorders
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s10803-018-3724-5>

ORIGINAL PAPER

Telehealth as a Model for Providing Behaviour Analytic Interventions to Individuals with Autism Spectrum Disorder: A Systematic Review

Jenny Ferguson¹ · Emma A. Craig¹ · Katerina Dounavi¹ 



EVIDENCE



THE WILD WEST





PRACTICE BRIEF

Telehealth and the practice of Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA)

Overview

Telehealth is defined as the “mode of delivering health care services and public health via information and communication technologies to facilitate the diagnosis, consultation, treatment, education, care management, and self-management of a patient’s health care while the patient is at the originating site and the health care provider is at a distant site. Telehealth facilitates patient self-management and caregiver support for patients and includes synchronous interactions and asynchronous store and forward transfers.”^{1,2} Further, “Telehealth is not a

Professional and Ethical Compliance Code
tes, and replaces the BACB’s Professional
esponsible Conduct for Behavior Analysts. The
d ethical behavior of behavior analysts, along
BACB applicants, certificants, and registrants

for Behavior Analysts, the authors acknowledge ethics
Association, American Educational Research Association,
ation, California Association for Behavior Analysis, Florida
bers, National Association of School Psychologists, and
ink these professional organizations that have provided
evolved.

ved, Wv. January 20, 2016.



Report of the TxABA Public Policy Group Telehealth ABA Task Force

Task Force Members:

Jennifer Fritz, Ph.D., BCBA-D, LBA
Jessica Graber, Ph.D., BCBA-D, LBA
Jennifer Hines, M.Ed., BCBA, LBA
Dorothea Lerman, Ph.D., BCBA-D, LBA
Lee Mason, Ph.D., BCBA-D, LBA
Leslie Neely, Ph.D., BCBA-D, LBA
Loukia Tsami, M.S., BCBA, LBA
Gordon Bourland, Ph.D., BCBA-D, LBA, Chair



Our Current & Recently Completed Projects

- Comparison of Behavioral Assessments Using Telehealth for Children with Autism (NIH Grant with University of Iowa and Emory/Marcus)



Our Current & Recently Completed Projects

JOURNAL OF APPLIED BEHAVIOR ANALYSIS

2019, **9999**, 1–16

NUMBER 9999 ()

Transfer of treatment effects from combined to isolated conditions during functional communication training for multiply controlled problem behavior

LOUKIA TSAMI AND DOROTHEA C. LERMAN

UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON, CLEAR LAKE

JOURNAL OF APPLIED BEHAVIOR ANALYSIS

2019, **9999**, 1–17

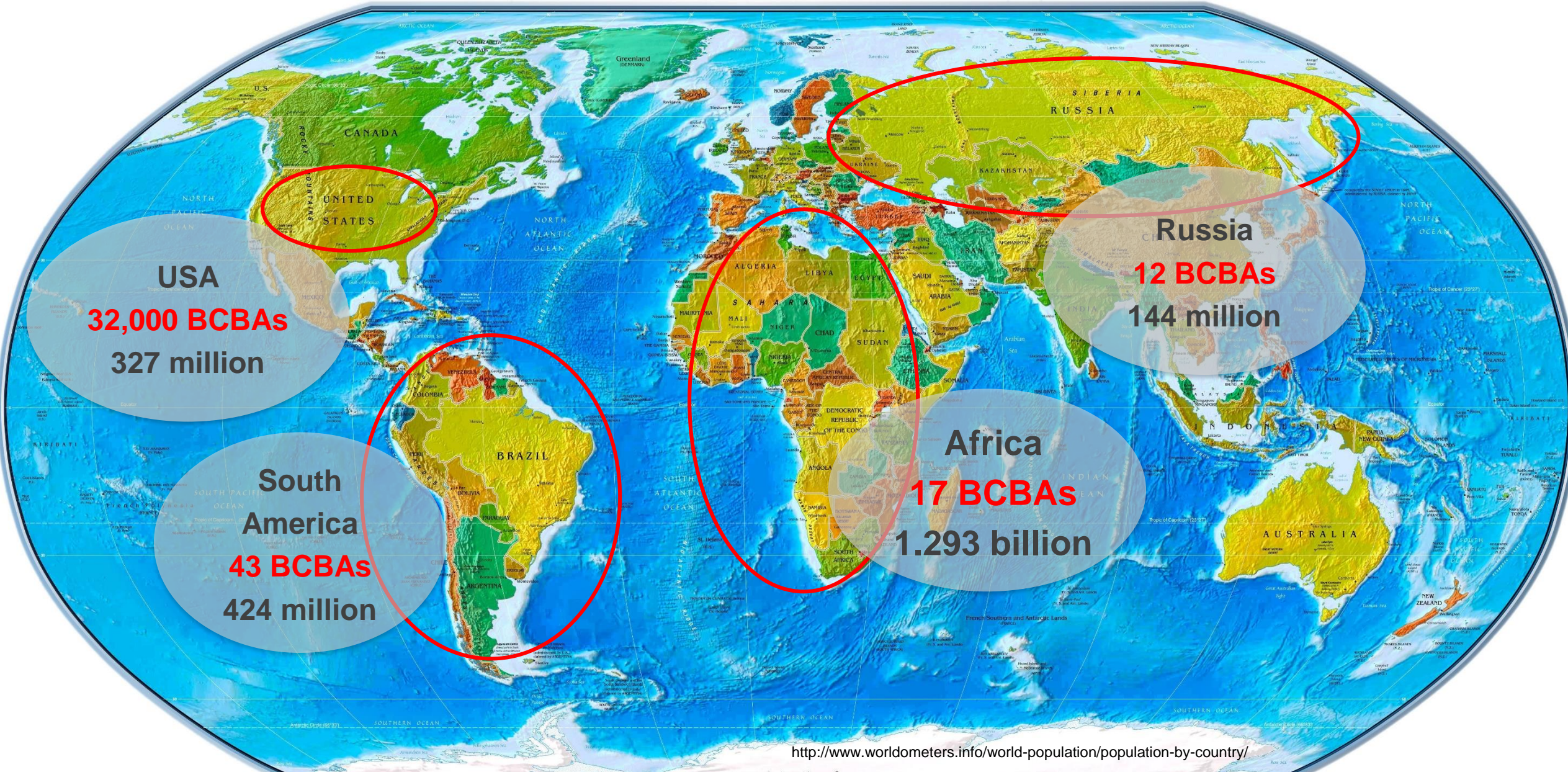
NUMBER 9999 ()

Effectiveness and acceptability of parent training via telehealth among families around the world

LOUKIA TSAMI, DOROTHEA LERMAN AND OZLEM TOPER-KORKMAZ

UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON-CLEAR LAKE

Country, BCBAs, Population



Loukia Tsami, M.A., BCBA
Research Associate
University of Houston, Clear Lake



Özlem Toper-Korkmaz, Ph.D.
Assistant Professor, Special Education
Uludağ University



Telehealth ABA World Project

Founder and Director: Loukia Tsami, BCBA



Telehealth ABA World Project Interpreters



□ Areli Barajas
Spanish



□ Irina Shutts
Russian



□ Sarah Alsaleh
Arabic



□ Maria Quadri
Urdu



□ Dieu Truong
Vietnamese

Telehealth ABA World Project Interpreters



□ Grace Shay
Mandarin Chinese



□ Naomi Alphonso
Hindi



□ Prisca Deliperi
French

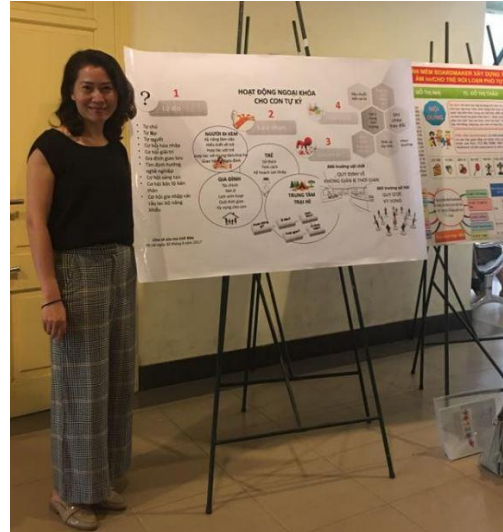


□ Andrew Bennett
French

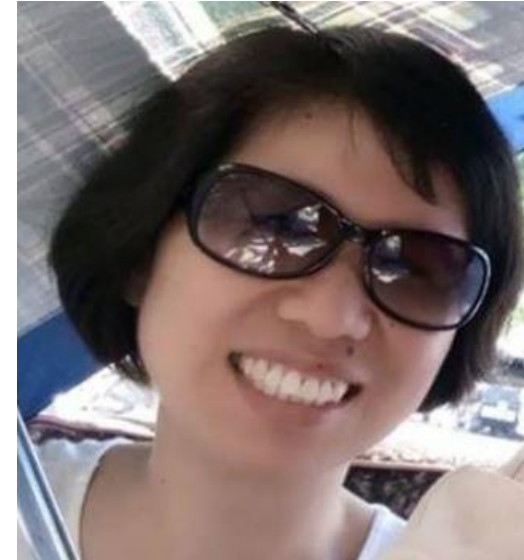
Telehealth ABA World Project Interpreters



□ Anna Amagou
French



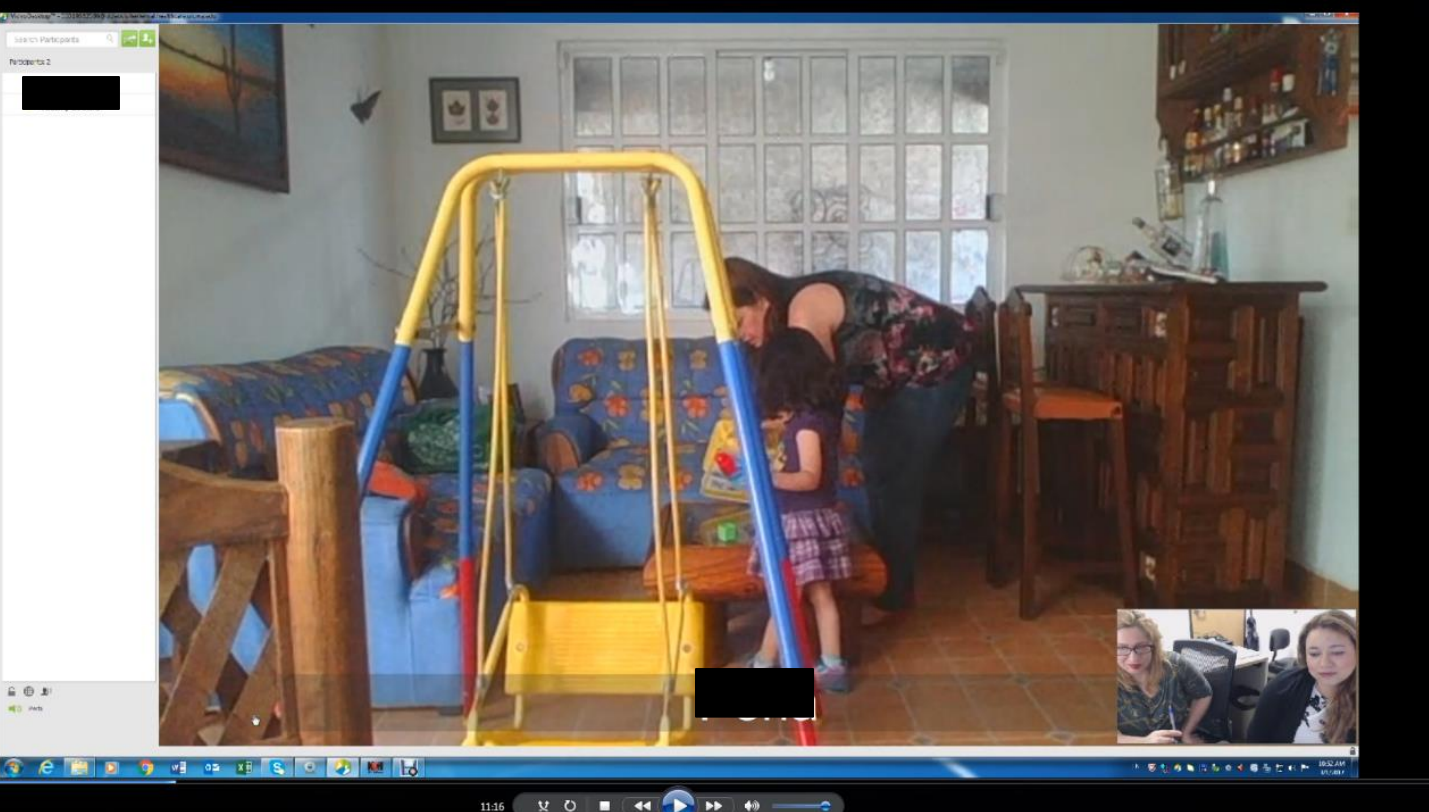
□ Linh Đào
Vietnamese



□ Trang Tran
Vietnamese

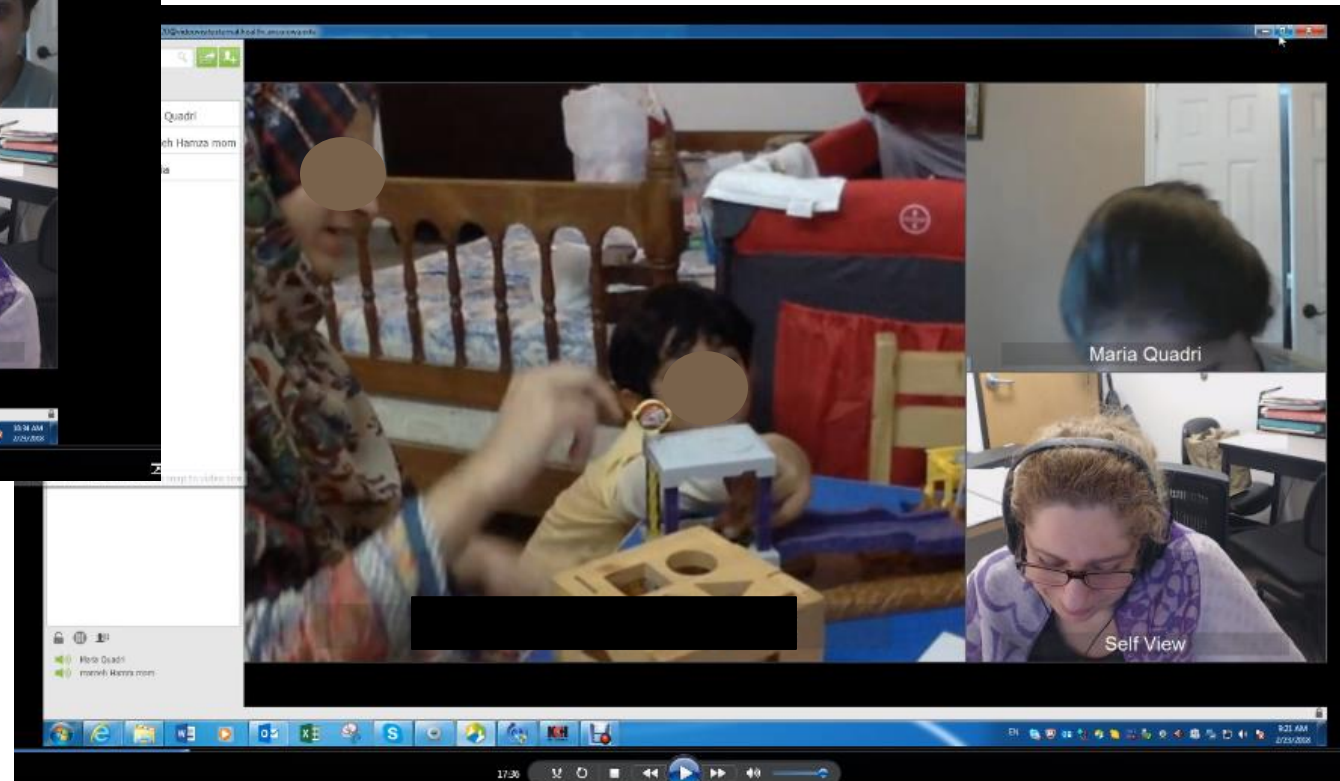
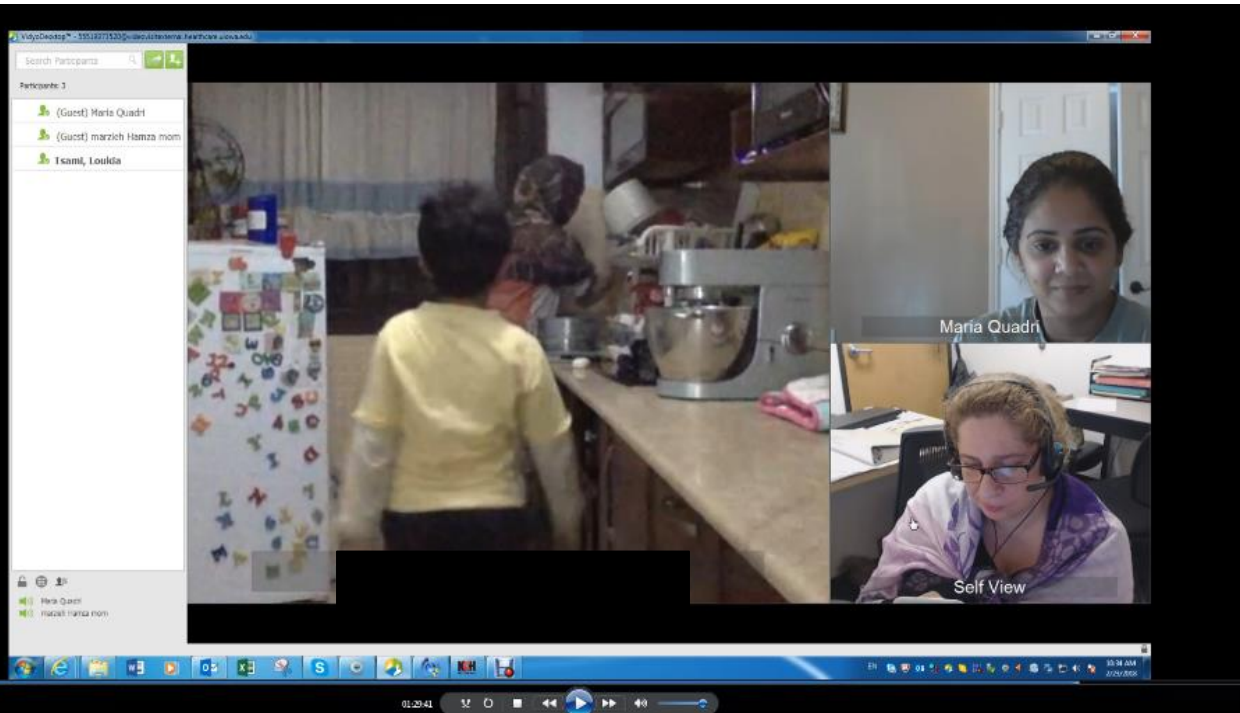
Interpreter in behavior analyst's location

Mexico



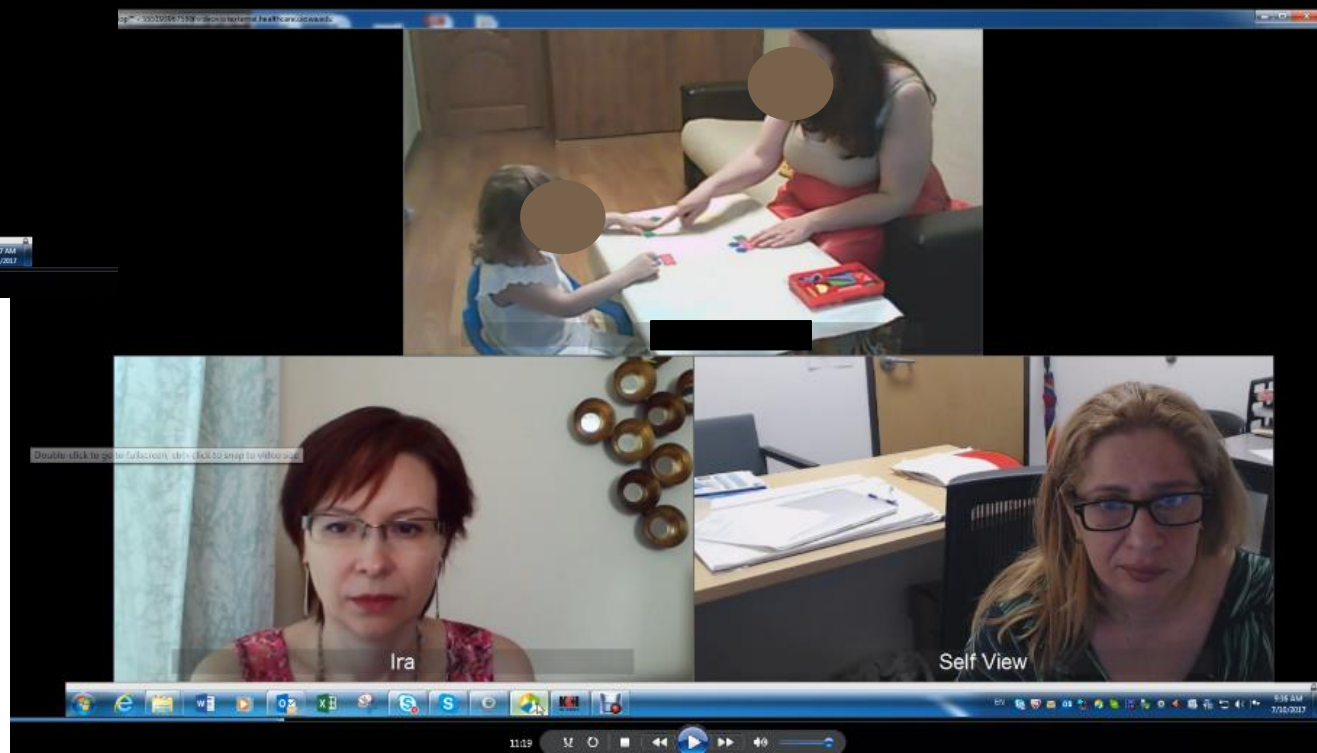
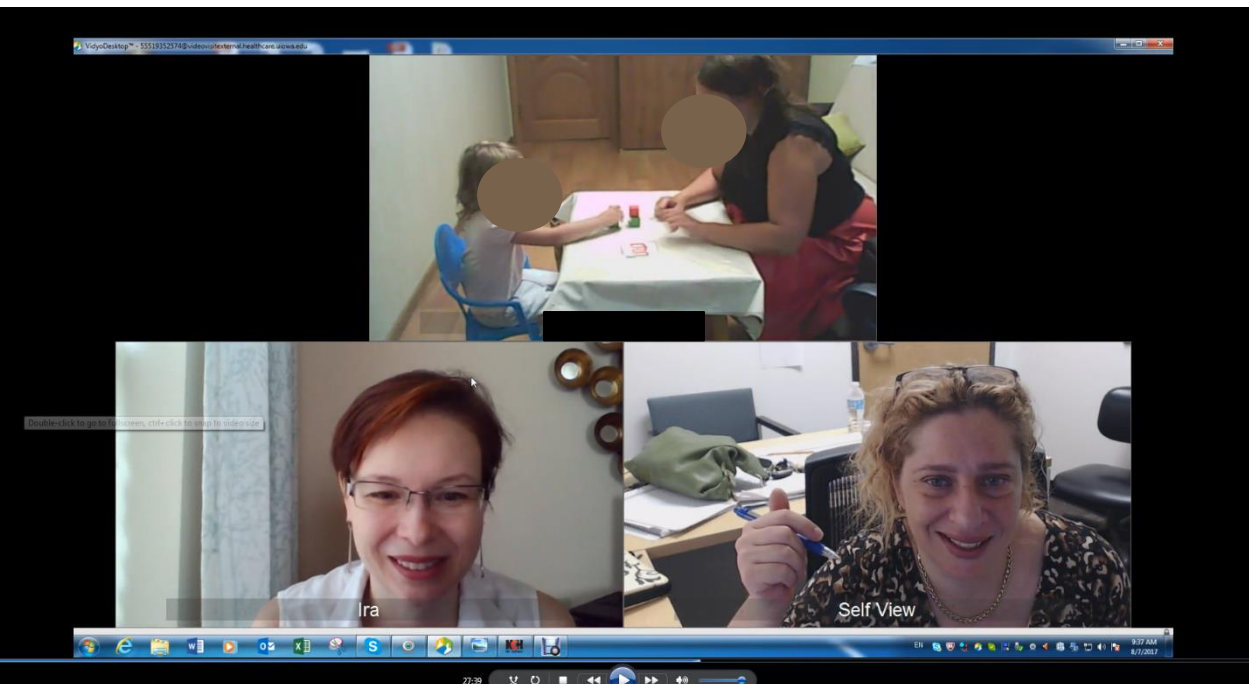
Interpreter in separate (third) location

Pakistan

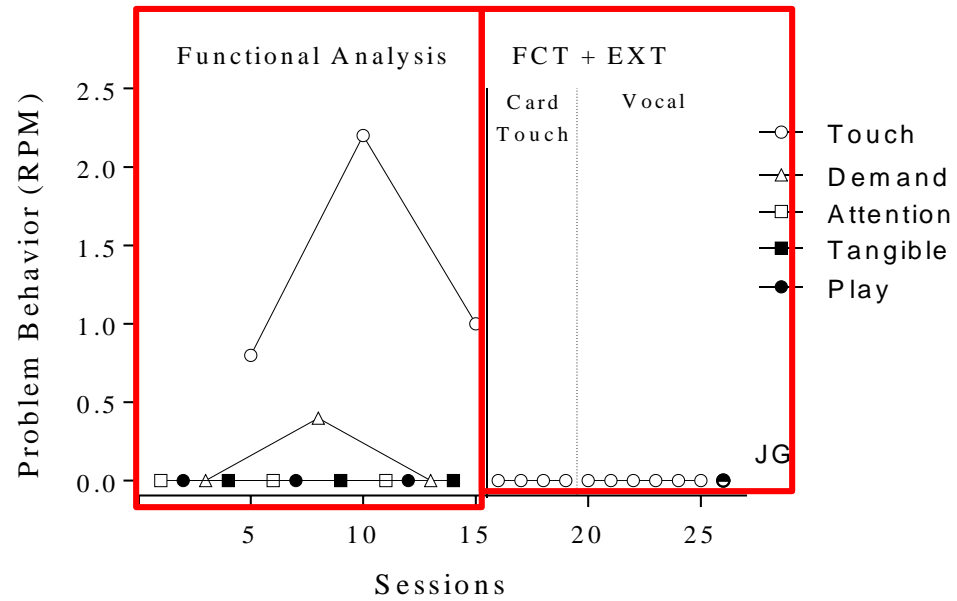


Interpreter in third location

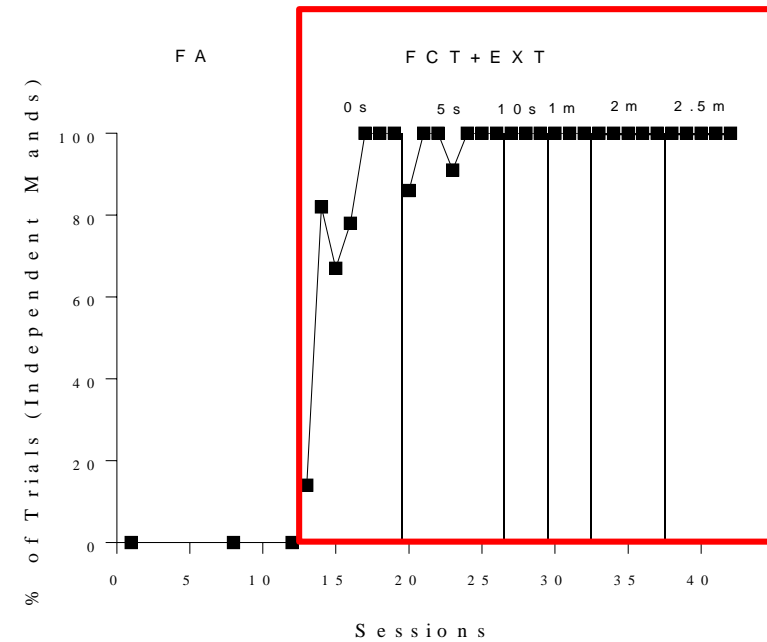
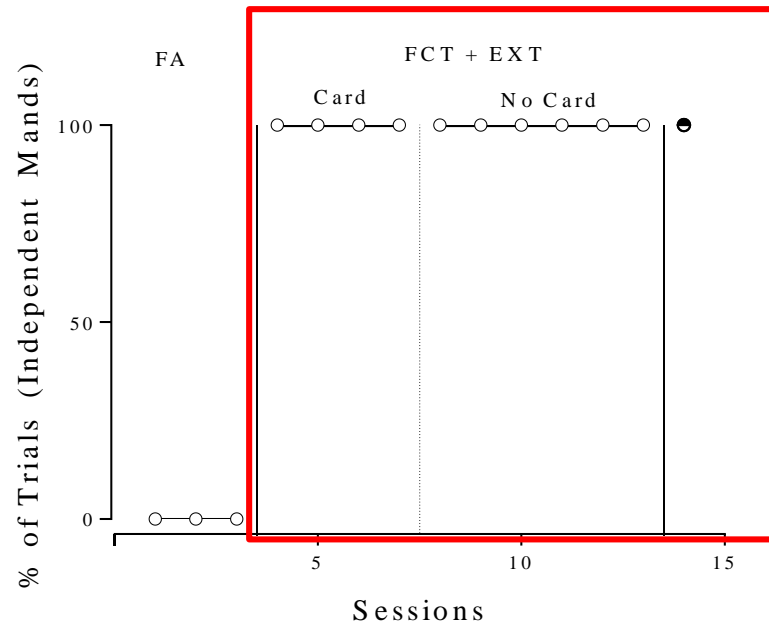
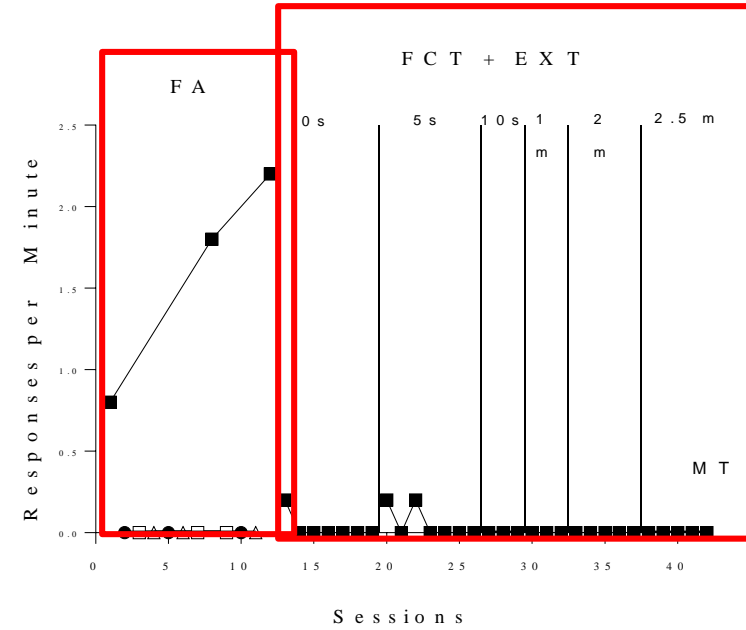
Russia



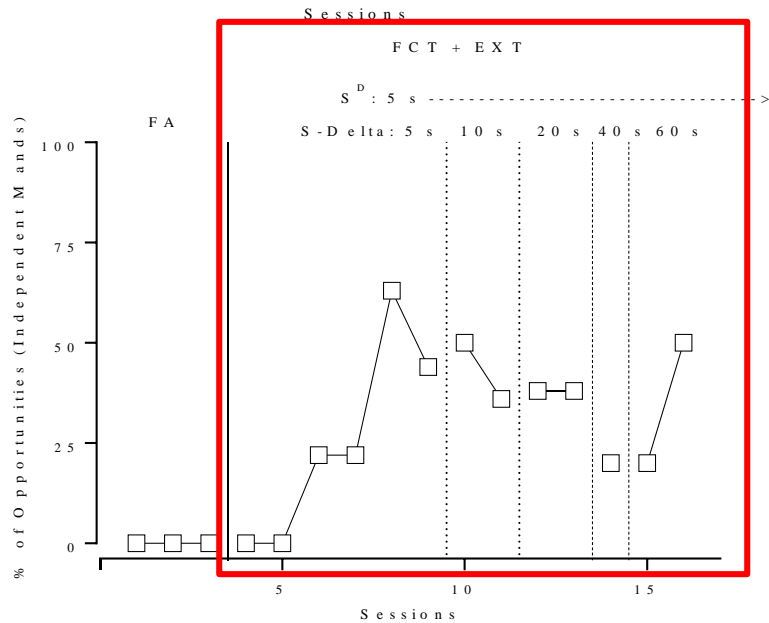
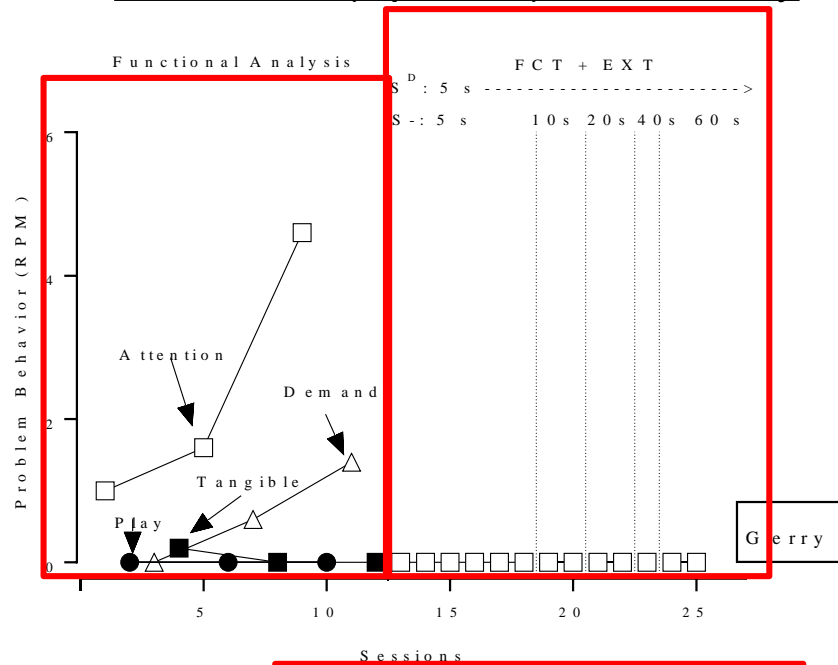
Agios, Greece



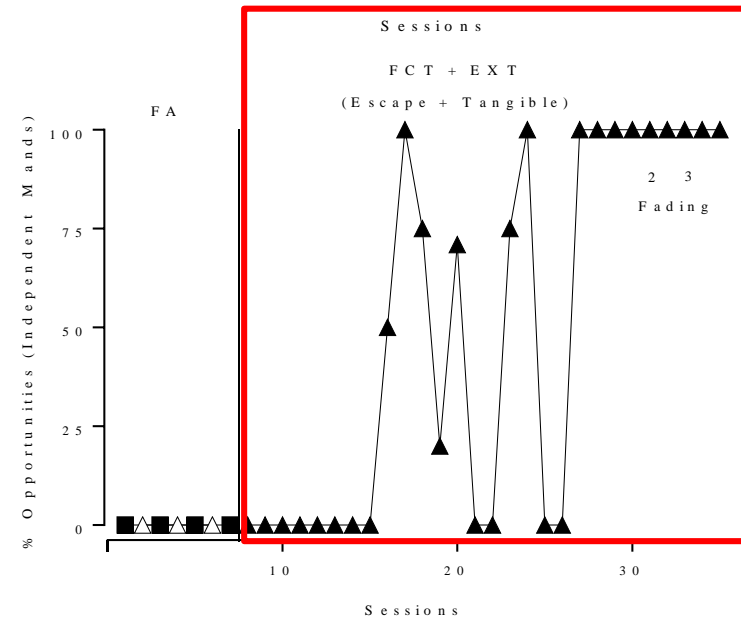
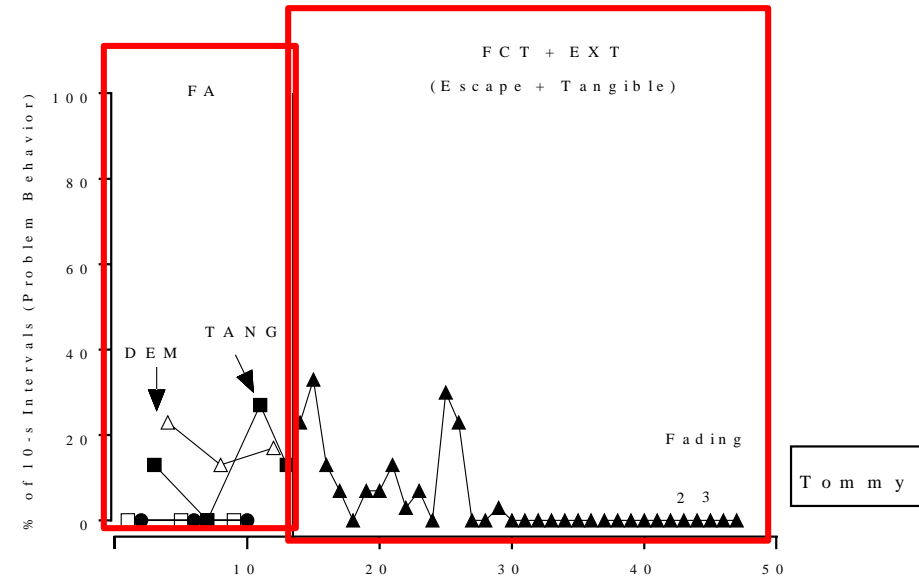
Bursa, Turkey



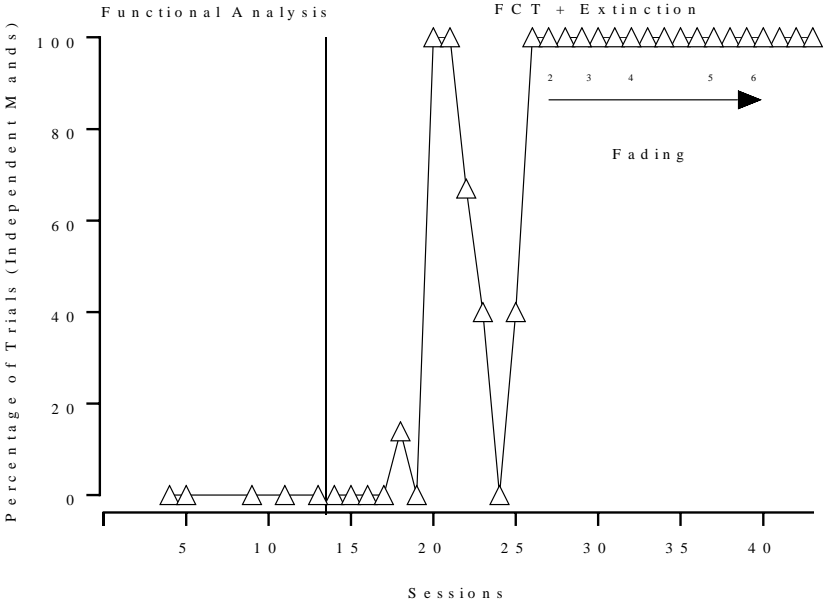
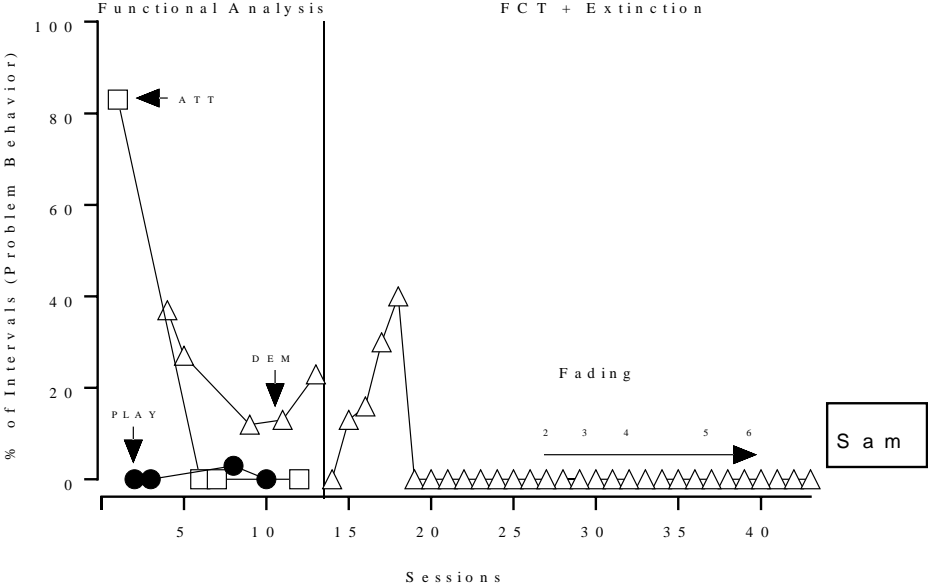
Translator (Spanish) with Family



Translator (Arabic) with Behavior Analyst



Interpreter (Russian) in Third Location





Parent Procedural Integrity

- Coached Directly by Behavior Analysts
 - FA: M = 97% (93% - 100%)
 - FCT: M = 99% (98% - 100%)

- Interpreters
 - FA: M = 96% (89% - 100%)
 - FCT: 98% (97% - 100%)

Outcomes to Date

Families Served:

■ 47 Families (children aged 3 -13 years)

■ 22 Countries

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| □ Greece, 10 | □ Ukraine, 1 | □ Algeria, 1 | □ Spain, 1 |
| □ Turkey, 2 | □ Vietnam, 3 | □ Egypt, 2 | □ Iran, 1 |
| □ Mexico, 5 | □ China, 1 | □ Pakistan, 4 | □ India, 1 |
| □ Saudi Arabia, 4 | □ Cameroon, 2 | □ Oman, 1 | □ Nigeria, 1 |
| □ Costa Rica, 1 | □ Ghana, 1 | □ Nepal, 1 | |
| □ Russia, 1 | □ Morocco, 3 | □ England, 1 | |



Outcomes To Date

Treatment Outcomes:

- 27 completed treatment successfully
- 5 in currently in treatment
- 15 did not complete treatment
 - 4 – problem behavior no longer a concern
 - 1 – could no longer afford internet
 - 2 – scheduling conflicts (up to 12 hr time difference)
 - 8- inadequate internet speed
(Countries in Africa: Morocco 3, Ghana 1, Algeria 1, Egypt 1,
Countries in Asia: Nepal 1, Pakistan 1)



Comparison of FA and FCT data Participants from Houston vs 13 countries

32 Houston Participants

- Ages: 2 – 11 years
- Settings: 31 Clinic-Home,
1 Clinic-Clinic
- Languages: 2
- Interpreters: 1

29 International Participants

- Ages: 3 – 13 years
- Settings: 28 Clinic-Home,
1 Clinic-Clinic
- Languages: 10
- Interpreters: 17 (7 at BCBA's
location, 1 with family, 8 in a
third location)



Comparison of FA data

All FAs: 5-min sessions

Conditions included: Attention, Escape, Tangible*, Play

32 Houston Participants

- 30 differentiated FAs
- 2 - no PB (6%)
- 0 FA Modifications

29 International Participants

- 26 differentiated FAs
- 3 – no PB (10%)
- 1 FA Modification (escape from touch)

FA Results

Houston Participants: 30 FAs

- Tangible + Escape: 10 (33%)
- Tangible: 7 (23%)
- Attention + Tang + Escape: 6 (20%)
- Attention: 3 (10%)
- Attention + Tangible: 2 (7%)
- Escape: 1 (3%)
- Automatic: 1 (1%)
- Attention + Escape: 0

International Participants: 26 FAs

- Tangible: 8 (31%)
- Escape: 7 (27%)
- Tangible + Escape: 4 (15%)
- Attention + Tang + Escape: 3 (12%)
- Attention: 1 (4%)
- Attention + Tangible: 1 (4%)
- Attention + Escape: 1 (4%)
- Escape from Touch: 1 (4%)
- Automatic: 0



Functional Communication Training

Houston Participants: 23

- 20 completed (87%)
 - 100% met criterion
- 3 withdrew (13%)

International Participants: 26

- 21 completed (91%)
 - 100% met criterion
- 2 withdrew (9%)



Treatment Duration

Houston Participants:

Average 19 appointments

Range: 5-31 appointments

International Participants:

Average 13 appointments

Range: 8-30 appointments

Acceptability Rating (1-7):

- How acceptable do you find the treatment to be regarding your concerns about your child?

Houston Participants:

International Participants:

Item on Questionnaire	PRE	POST
Treatment	6.9 (4-7)	6.6 (4-7)

Item on Questionnaire	PRE	POST
Treatment	6.5 (5-7)	6.7 (6-7)

Hardware

Devices

32 Houston Participants

29 International Participants



■ Phone

■ 20 (63%)

■ 17 (59%)



■ Laptop

■ 6 (19%)

■ 6 (21%)



■ iPad

■ 5 (16%)

■ 3 (10%)



■ Desktop

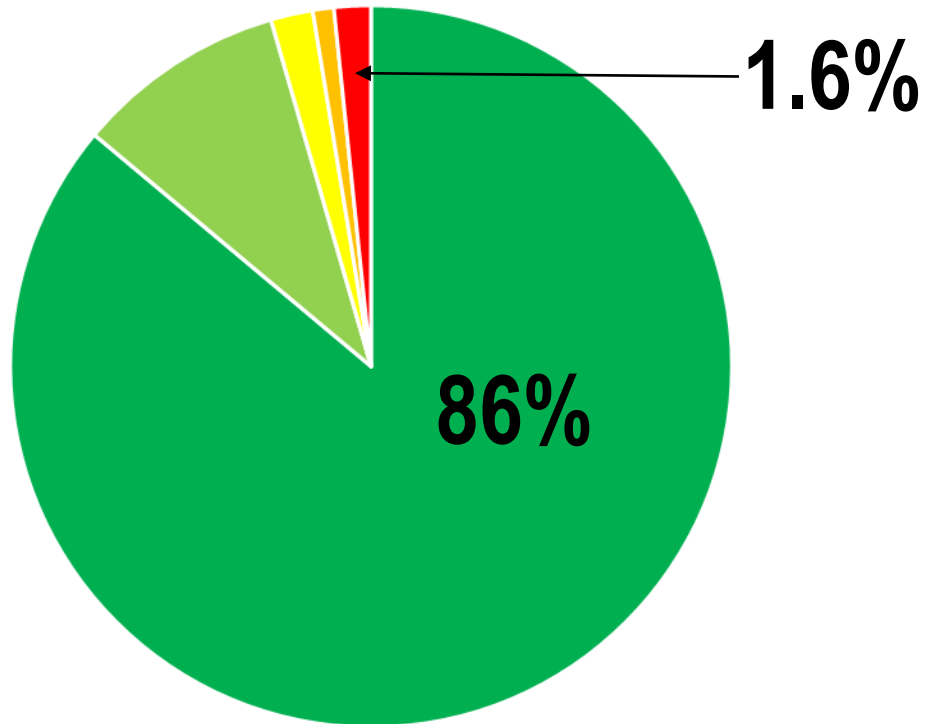
■ 1 (3%)

■ 3 (10%)

Connectivity Ratings

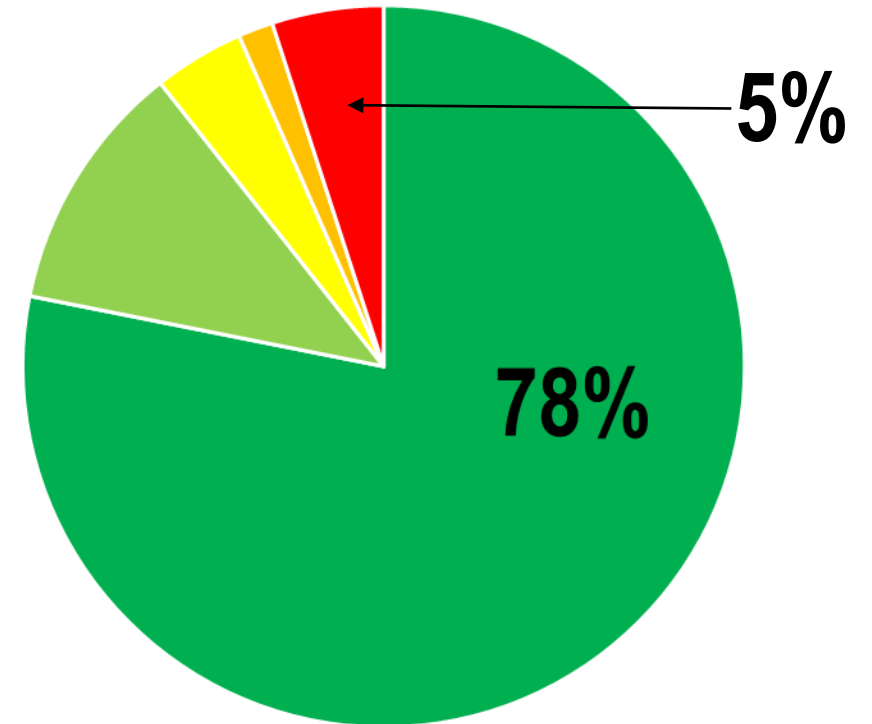
Houston Participants:

424 Appointments, 29 Participants



International Participants:

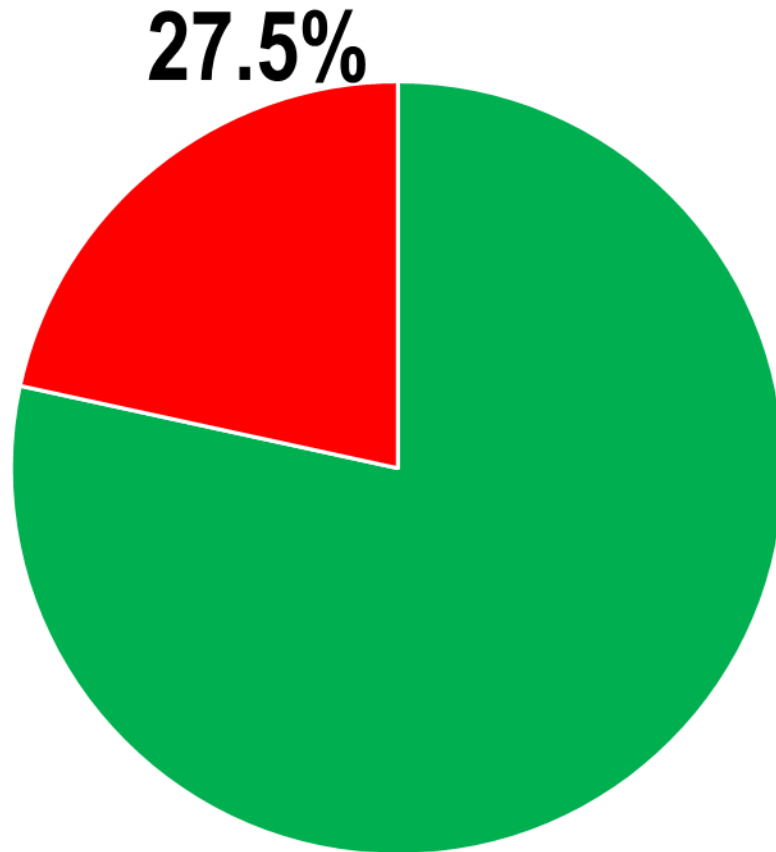
320 Appointments, 26 Participants



Cancelled Appointments

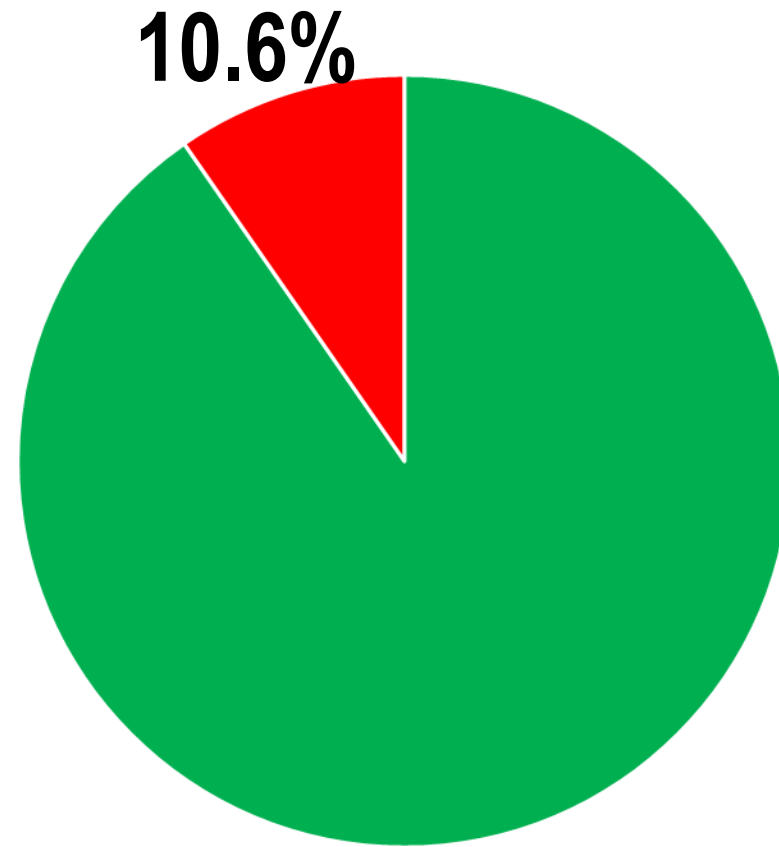
Houston Participants:

476 Appointments, 31 Participants



International Participants:

356 Appointments, 29 Participants





Outcomes To Date

Educational Series for Caregivers and Professionals: 19 countries, 55 presentations, ~2,880 attendees

- Greece (Veroia, Naoussa)
- Mexico
- Russia
- Nigeria (Asaba, Kaduna, Port Harcourt)
- Nepal
- Morocco
- Pakistan (Karachi, Peshawar, Kashmir, Islamabad, Rawalpindi, Lahore)
- Cameroon
- Liberia
- Saudi Arabia
- Namibia
- South Africa
- France
- Vietnam
- Ghana
- Jamaica
- Ivory Coast
- Philippines
- Bangladesh

Prince Sultan Military Medical Facility
Riyadh, Saudi Arabia



Karachi, Pakistan
Private School



Kaduna, Nigeria
Private School

Telehealth ABA World Project

[Connecting to College](#)

[Focused Skills Intervention](#)

[Severe Behavior Disorders Research Clinic](#) 

[Speaker Series](#)

[Verbal Behavior Clinic](#)

[Vocational Program](#)

[Telehealth ABA World Project](#)

The [Telehealth ABA World Project](#) aims to empower parents and professionals who work with children with autism and other developmental disabilities in countries around the world. We aim to improve the quality of life for families in communities that don't have access to behavioral services.

Therapists at University of Houston-Clear Lake provide services via the internet by establishing two-way interactive video connections with families and professionals who reside in other countries. Interpreters are available to assist with some sessions. All our services are free.

Our Services

Caregiver Training

We provide assessment and treatment services for families of children who engage in serious behavior disorders, such as aggression and self-injury. The following are eligibility requirements:

- Child has a developmental disability, such as autism
- Child is 18 months - 7 years of age
- Child engages in serious problem behavior on a daily basis (determined by an initial assessment)
- Family has access to an internet-enabled device (laptop, computer, tablet, smartphone)
- Family has access to high-speed internet in their home or in a community setting



<https://www.facebook.com/TelehealthABA/>

Like our Facebook page and follow us on twitter

Help us **#savetheworldwithaba**

Telehealth ABA World Project



The Wild Frontier: Telehealth ABA Service Challenges and Some Potential Solutions



CADD
CENTER FOR AUTISM AND
DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES



My Collaborators

Matthew J. O'Brien¹, Leslie Neely², Nathan A. Call³,
Loukia Tsami⁴, Kelly M. Schieltz¹, Wendy K. Berg¹, Jessica
Graber⁵, Pei Huang¹, Todd Kopelman¹,
and Linda J. Cooper-Brown¹

¹University of Houston, Clear Lake; ²University of Iowa;

³University of Texas at San Antonio; ⁴Marcus Institute;

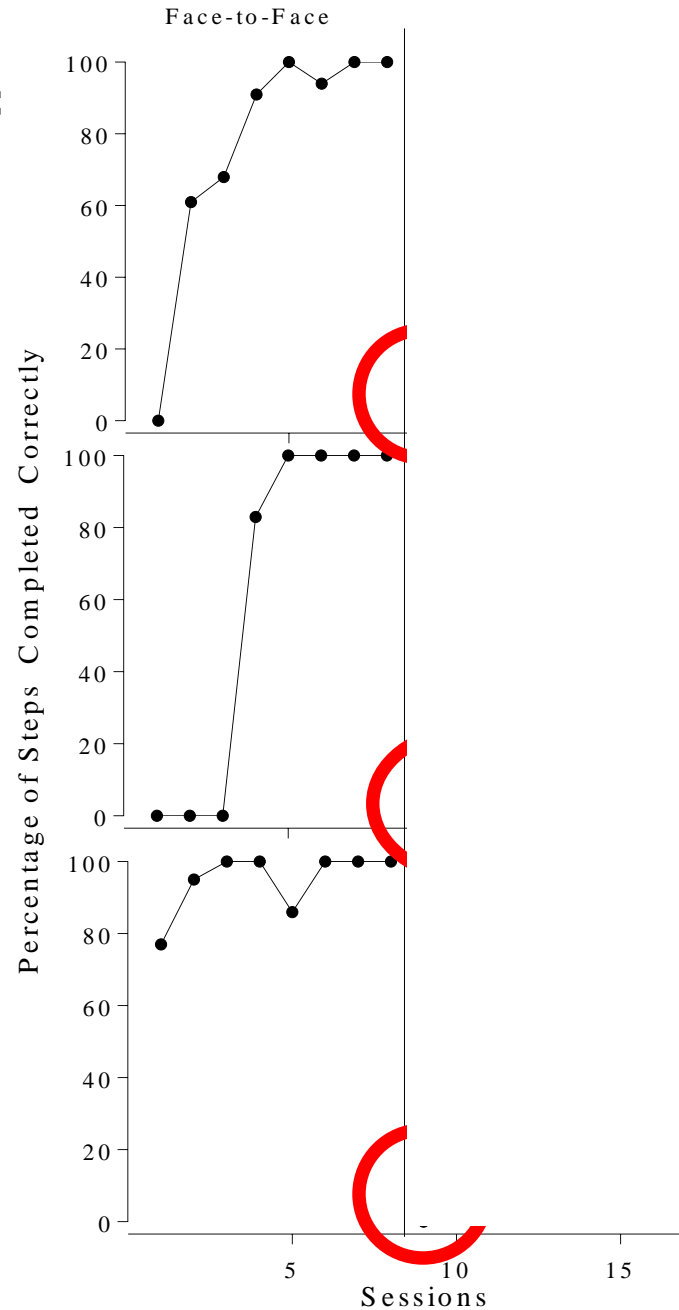
and ⁵Autism Treatment Center of San Antonio



Do BCBA's Need Specialized Training?

- Leslie Neely, Ph.D. – University of Texas at San Antonio and Jessica Graber, Ph.D. – Autism Treatment Center
- Transfer of parent training skills from in-person to remote modalities
- Three behavior analysts – 2 years experience

Fidelity Checklist =
14 “core items”



Fidelity Checklist =
14 core + 9 suppl items

What Can We Do?

- Identify challenges and possible solutions
- Empirically evaluate solutions
- Develop competences/goals
- Develop training curriculum



Method

- 18 practitioners (1-20 years of experience [0-6 telehealth])
- Four different sites (Texas, Iowa, Georgia)
- 237 families (January 2015 and April 2019)
 - Children: 1.7 – 16 years old
- 2,242 total appointments
- FA/FCT





VERSUS



Categories of Challenges

□ Technical Issues



Categories of Challenges

□ Challenges with Remote Viewing



Categories of Challenges

□ Disruptions in Client's Environment



Categories of Challenges

□ Other Issues Related to Client Behavior



Categories of Challenges

□ Issues Related to Caregiver Behavior



Categories of Challenges

□ Issues at the Practitioner's (Host) Site



Ethical Considerations in the Design and Implementation of a Telehealth Service Delivery Model

Joy S. Pollard

Behavior Change Institute, Oakland, California, and
Stanford University School of Medicine

Kathleen A. Karimi and
Michelle B. Ficcaglia

Behavior Change Institute, Oakland, California

Behavior Analysis: Research and Practice
2017, Vol. 17, No. 4, 312–324

© 2017 American Psychological Association
2372-9414/17/\$12.00 <http://dx.doi.org/10.1037/bar0000074>

Ethical Considerations When Delivering Behavior Analytic Services for Problem Behavior via Telehealth

Patrick W. Romani

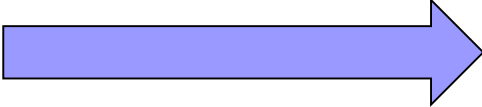
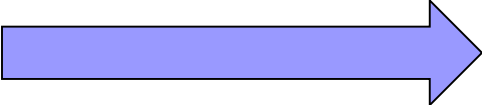
University of Colorado, Anschutz Medical Campus,
and Children's Hospital Colorado,
Aurora, Colorado

Kelly M. Schieltz

University of Missouri

Challenges and Potential Solutions

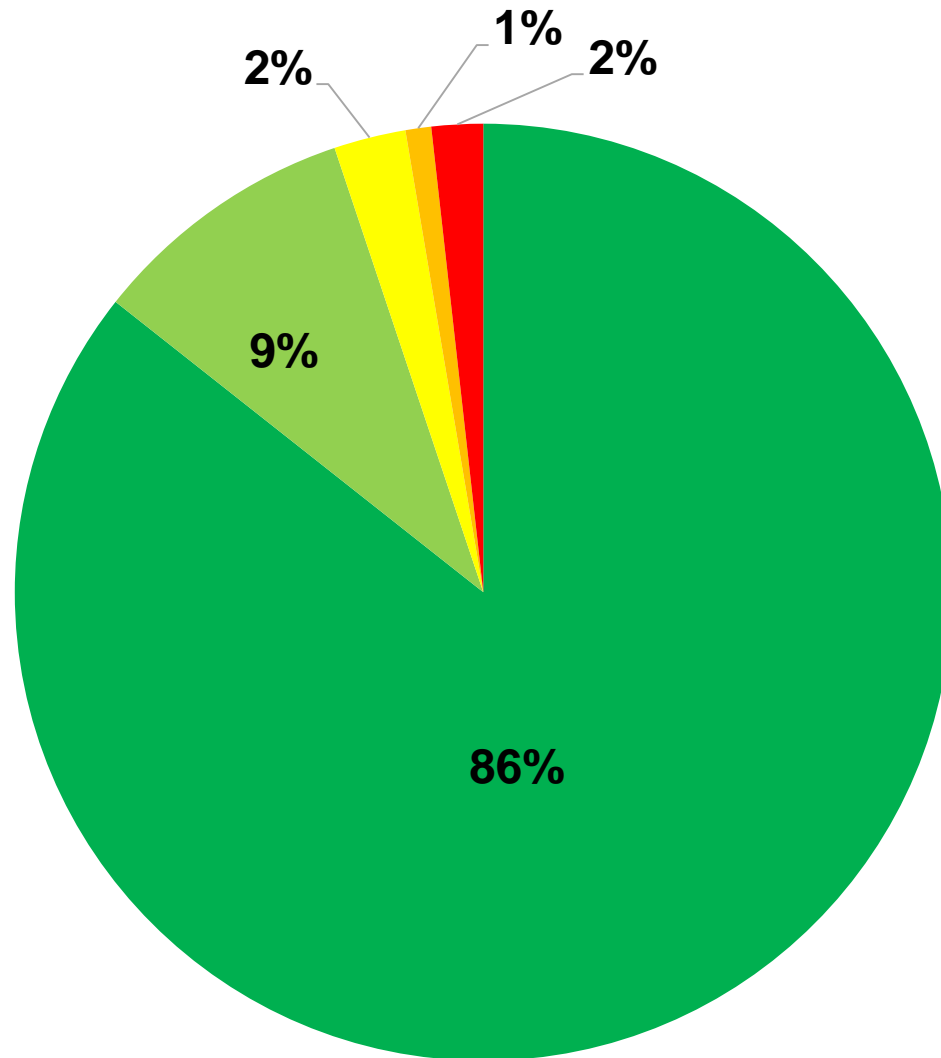
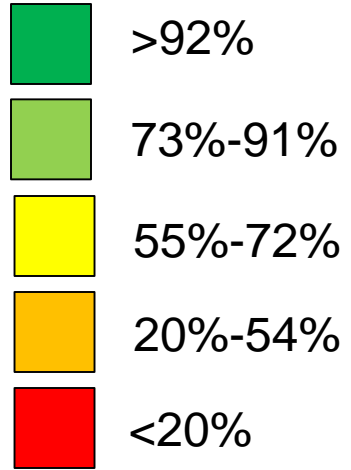
□ Technical Issues

- Hardware unavailable  Loaners; alt. facility
- Connectivity issues  Upgrade; reduce # devices



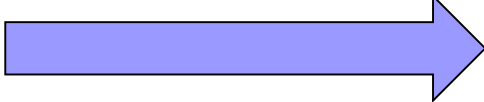
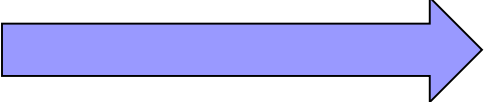
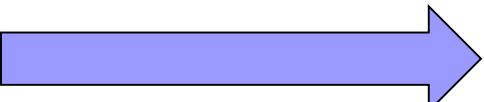
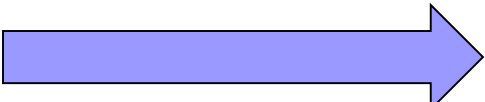
US (Texas) Participants N=52, 564 Appointments

Percentage
of Appt
Completed



Challenges and Potential Solutions

□ Technical Issues

- Hardware unavailable  Loaners; alt. facility
- Connectivity issues  Upgrade; reduce # devices
- Difficulty using software  TA; instruct via phone
- Hardware/software failures  Backups



- For HIPAA Compliance:

- Software license must include Business Associate Agreement (BAA)



TECHNICAL ARTICLE

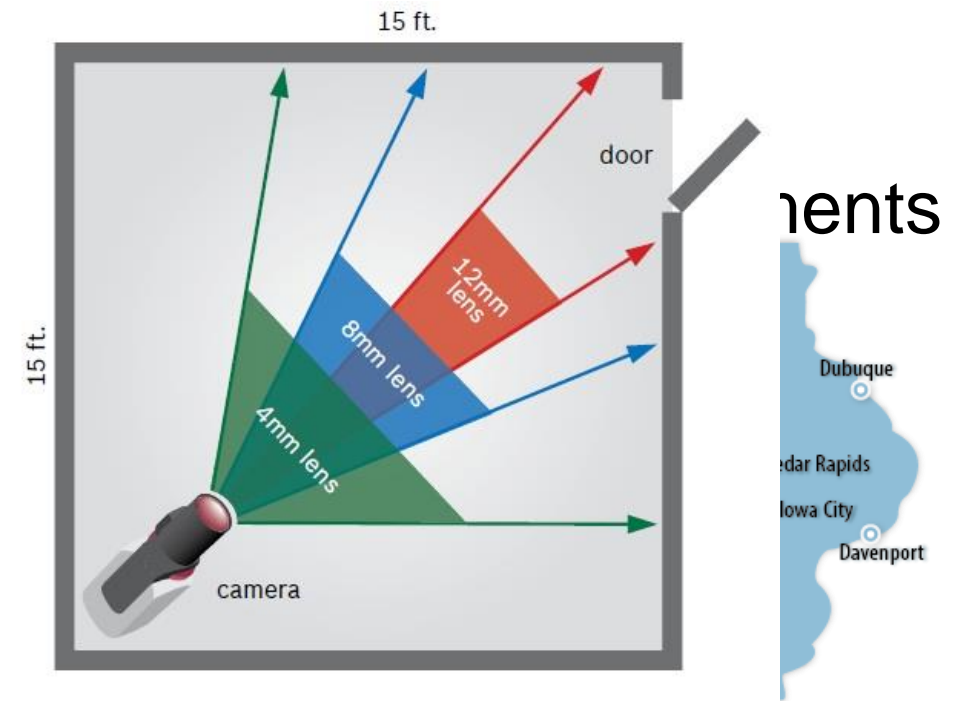
Guidelines for Developing Telehealth Services and Troubleshooting Problems with Telehealth Technology When Coaching Parents to Conduct Functional Analyses and Functional Communication Training in Their Homes

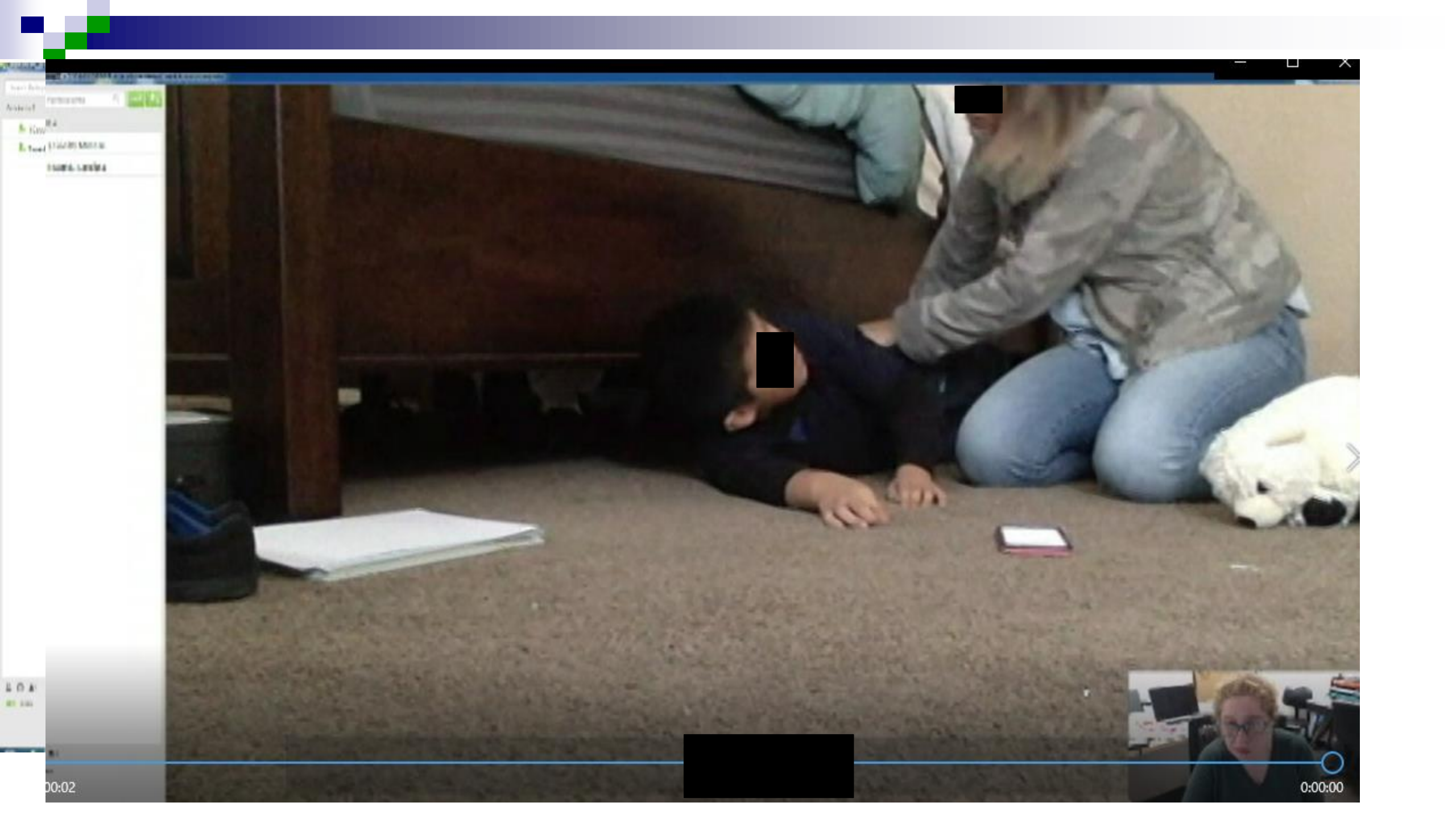
**John F. Lee • Kelly M. Schieltz • Alyssa N. Suess •
David P. Wacker • Patrick W. Romani • Scott D. Lindgren •
Todd G. Kopelman • Yaniz C. Padilla Dalmau**

Challenges and Possible Solutions

□ Challenges with Remote Viewing

- Client not always in view





- Challenges with Remote Viewing
 - Client not always in view



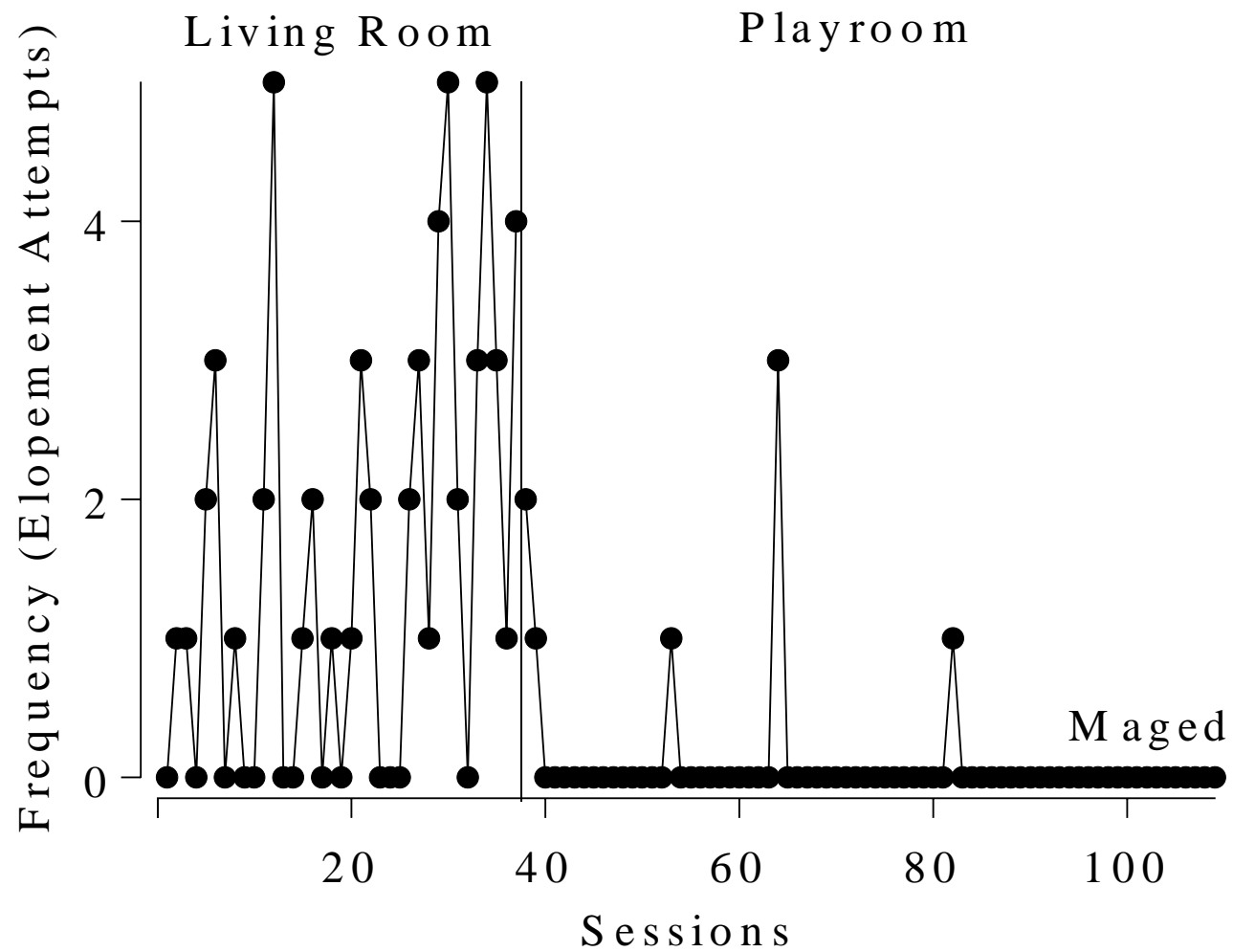
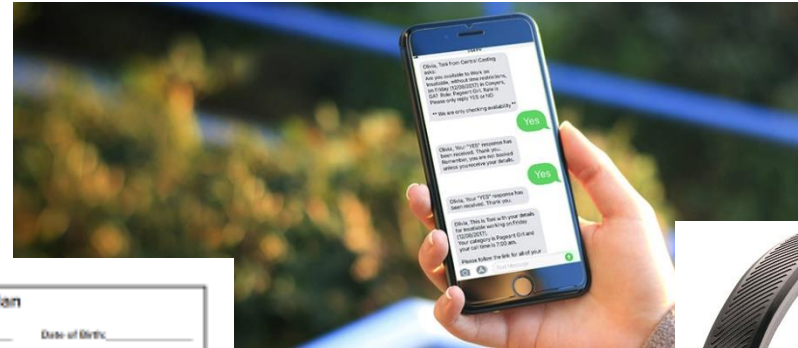
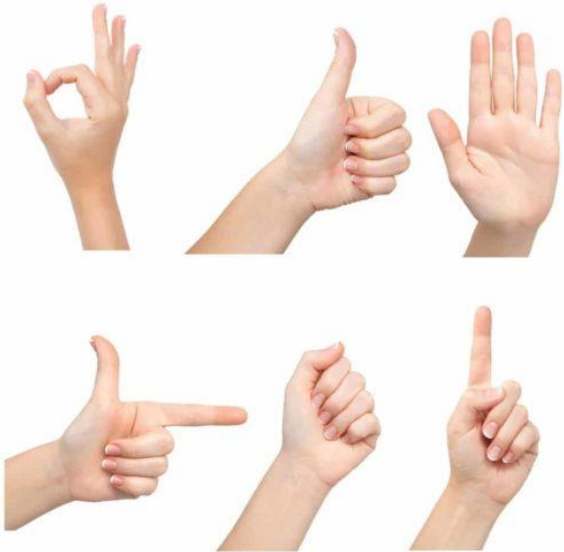


Figure 2. Frequency of Maged's elopement attempts during sessions in the initial location (living room) and after re-locating sessions to a playroom

□ Challenges with Remote Viewing

- Difficulty seeing/hearing client behavior
- Difficulty hearing practitioner



Behavior Intervention Plan	
Name: _____	Date of Birth: _____
Primary Diagnosis: Medical and Psych _____	
Relevant Information: Psychosocial _____	
Target Behavior: Behaviors the plan is designed to change and improve _____	
Function of Behavior: The purpose the behaviors serve the participant _____	
Replacement of Behavior: Identify acceptable behaviors to replace the target or unwanted behaviors _____	
Intervention Strategies: Include specific interventions and strategies to be implemented _____	
Consequences of Disruptive Behavior: Include specific interventions to be implemented _____	
Implementing Personnel: Staff responsible for reinforcing the plan _____	



Challenges and Possible Solutions

□ Disruptions in Client's Environment



Functional Analysis

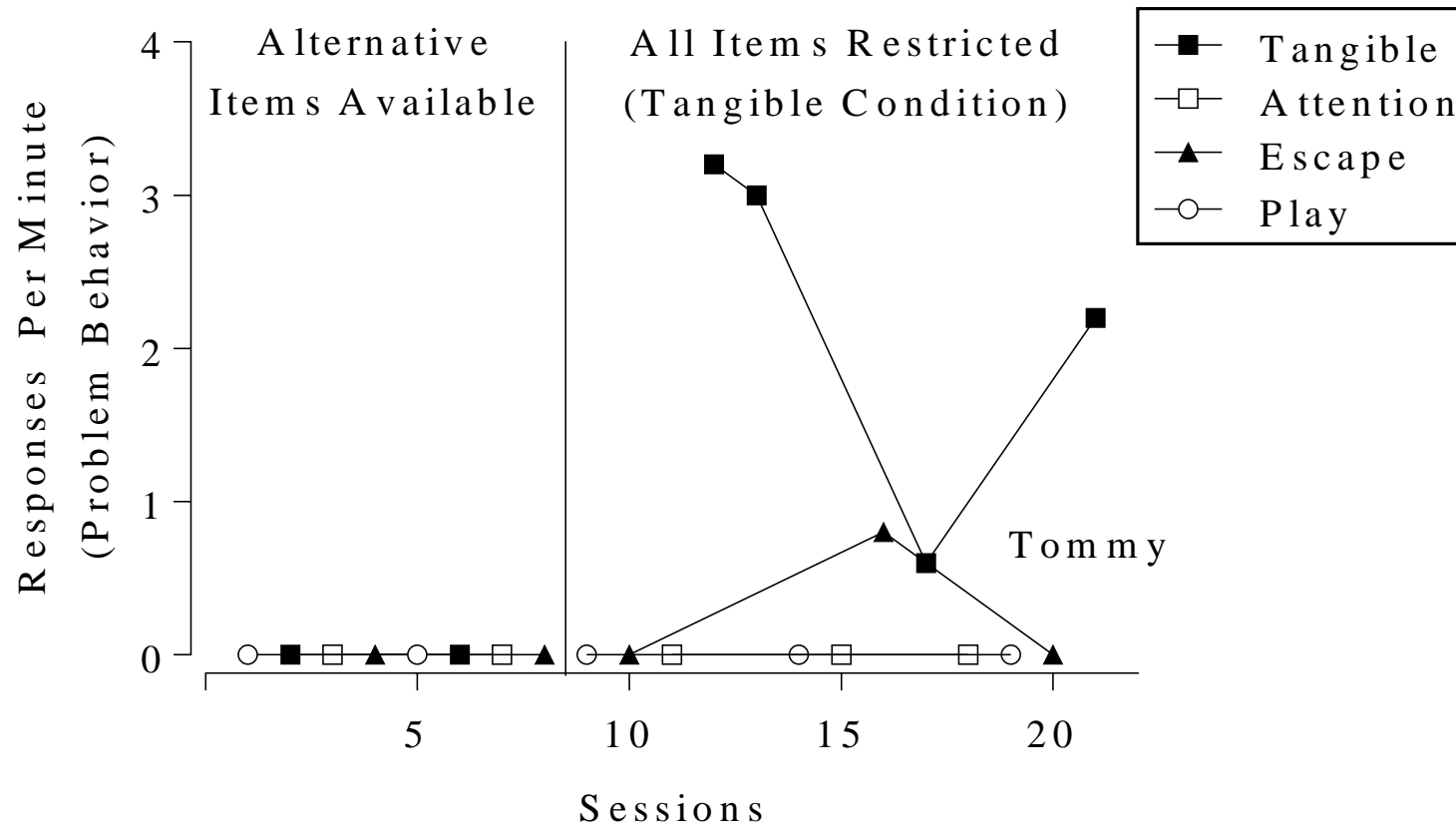


Figure 3. Responses per minute of Tommy's problem behavior during the initial sessions of the functional analysis and after items were restricted in the tangible condition of the functional analysis

❑ Disruptions in Client's Environment



□ Disruptions in Client's Environment



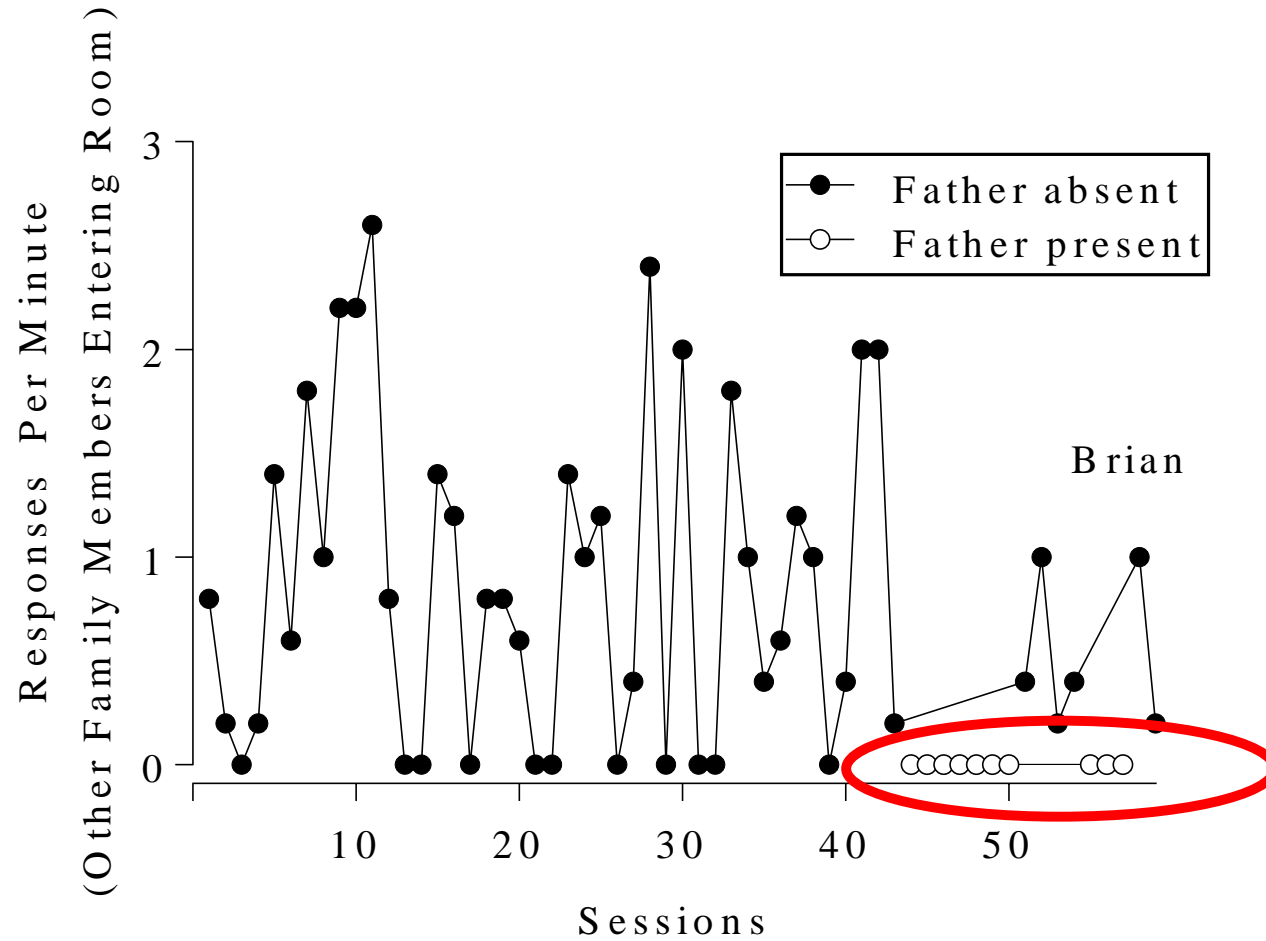


Figure 4. Responses per minute of family members entering the room during Brian's sessions when his father was present versus absent in the home

Challenges and Possible Solutions

- Other Issues Related to Client Behavior
 - Escalation in problem behavior



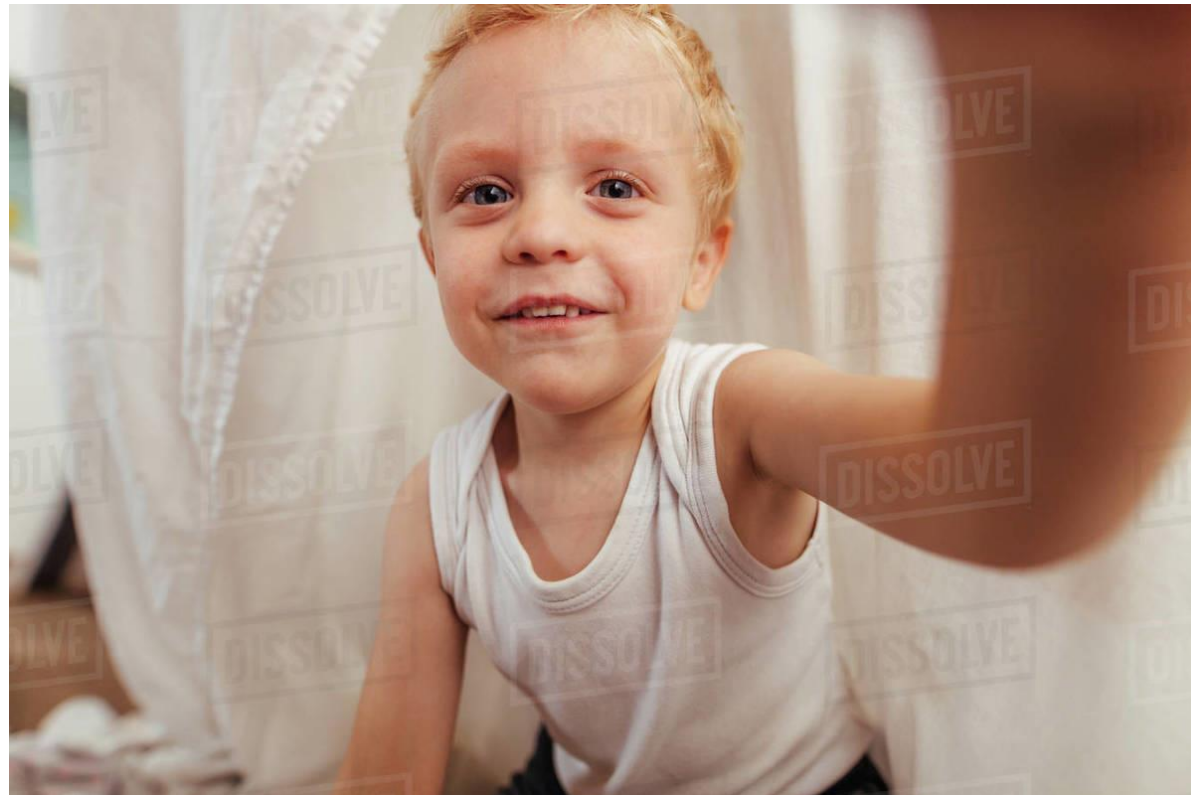


- Other Issues Related to Client Behavior
 - Escalation in problem behavior



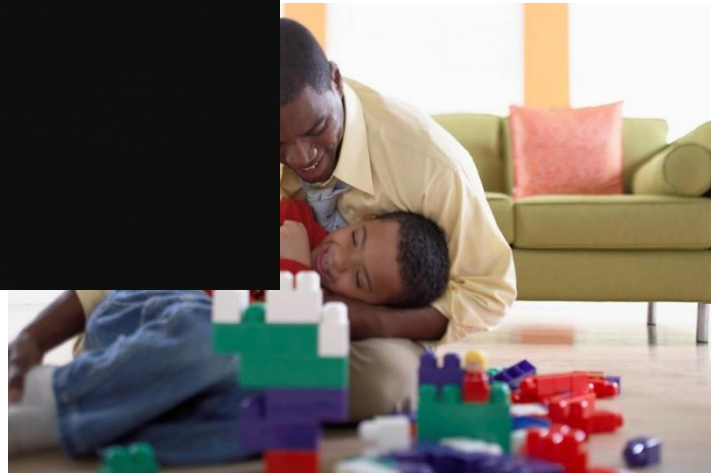


- Other Issues Related to Client Behavior
 - Reactive effects of camera



Possible Solutions

- Other Issues Related to Client Behavior
 - Reactive effects of camera



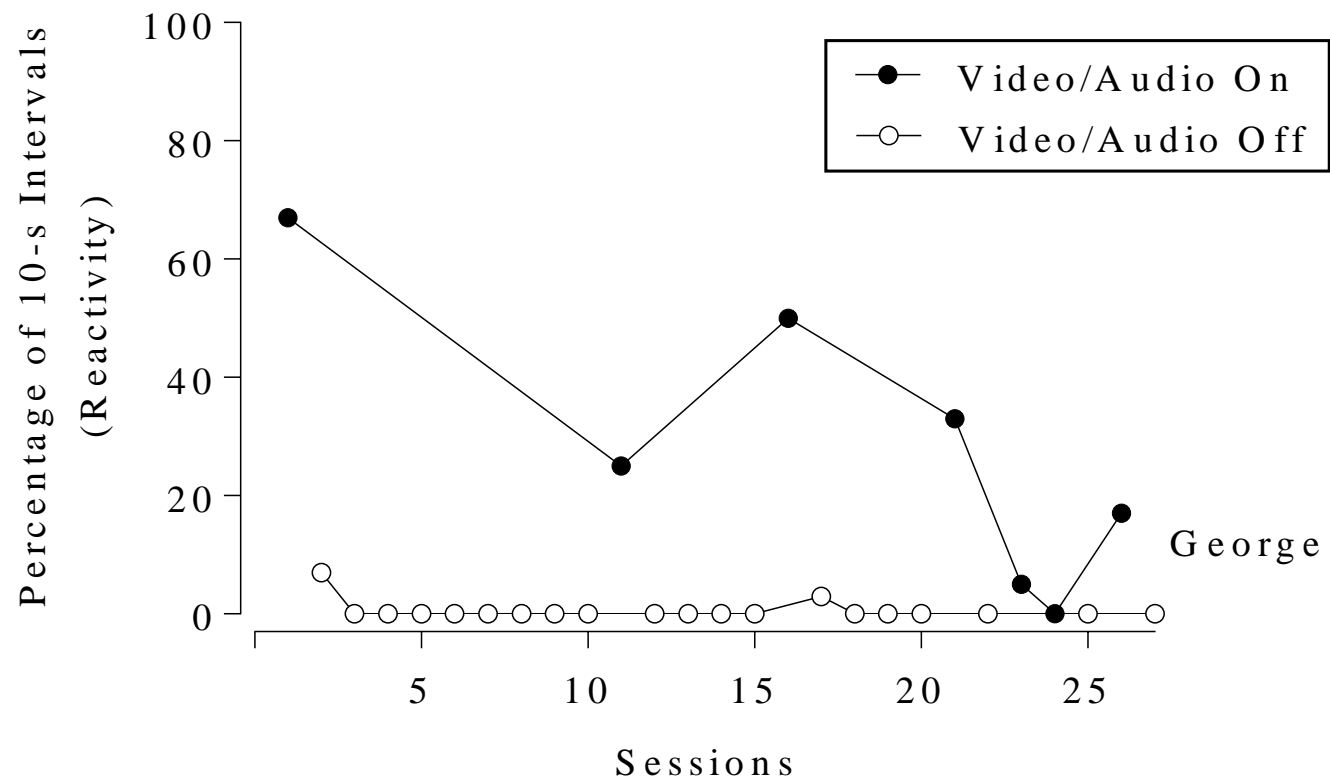


Figure 5. Percentage of 10-s intervals with George's reactive responses during sessions with the video and audio feed turned on versus off

Challenges and Possible Solutions

□ Issues Related to Caregiver Behavior



- Issues Related to Caregiver Behavior
 - Insensitivity to vocal instructions



Behavior Intervention Plan	
Name: _____	Date of Birth: _____
Primary Diagnosis: Medical and Psych _____	
Relevant Information: Psychosocial _____	
Target Behavior: Behaviors that pose a impediment to change and improve. _____	
Function of Behavior: The purpose the behavior serves the participant. _____	
Replacement of Behavior: Identifies acceptable behaviors to replace the target or unwanted behaviors. _____	
Intervention Strategies: Includes specific interventions and strategies to be implemented. _____	
Consequences of Disruptive Behavior: Includes specific interventions to be implemented. _____	
Implementing Personnel: Staff responsible for reinforcing the plan. _____	



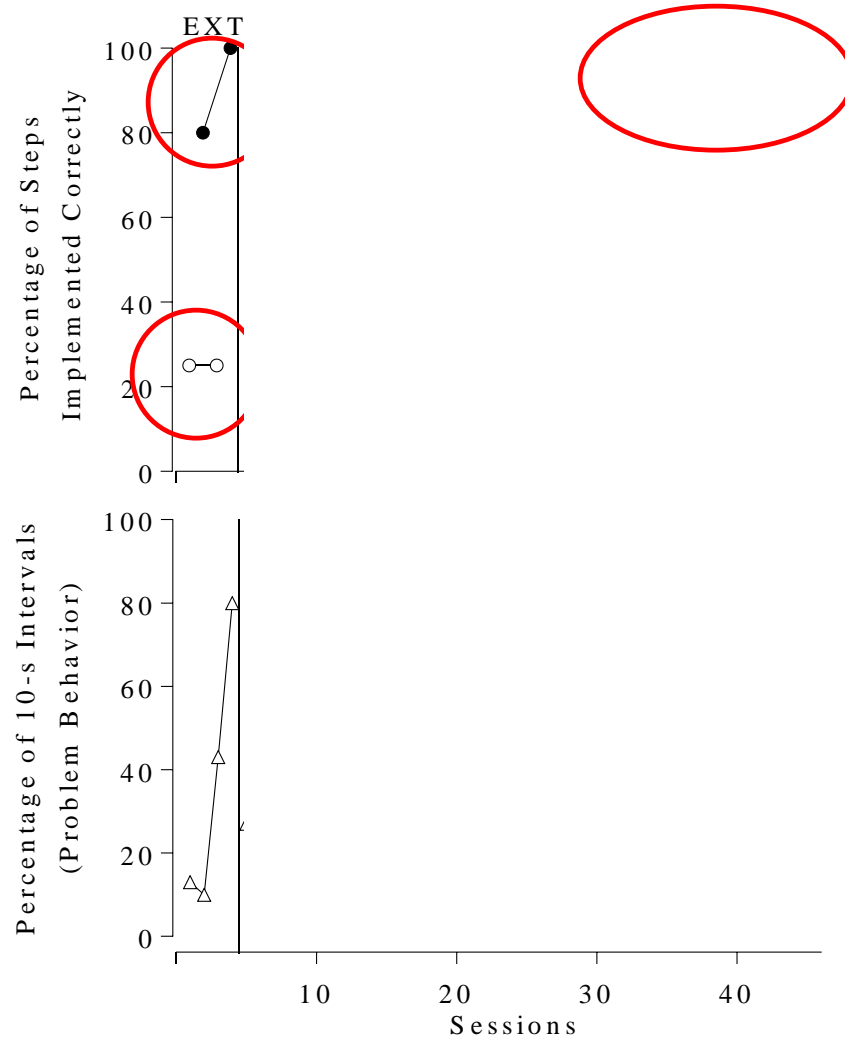


Figure 6. Percentage of treatment steps implemented correctly by Calvin's father versus mother (top panel) and percentage of 10-s intervals with problem behavior for Calvin (bottom panel) across treatment sessions

Categories of Challenges

□ Issues at the Practitioner's (Host) Site





General Recommendations

- Schedule initial troubleshooting session
 - Send written guidelines in advance
 - Initially work with caregiver alone
 - Troubleshoot with play/leisure sessions, preference assessment




General Recommendations

- Tailor terms of service
 - Expectations and roles
 - Agreements about loaners
 - Limitations of remote services
 - Potential limits to confidentiality
- Recruit IT professional for team
- Maintain phone contact with caregiver
- Video record all sessions

EVIDENCE





Training Curriculum.... A Beginning

Drs Neely and Graber

- Fidelity Checklist – 9 supplementary items
 - Arranges for phone contact
 - Checks connection prior to session
 - Checks speaker, mic, and camera prior to session
 - Prepares room for optimal visibility and professionalism
 - Prepares environment for confidentiality
 - Begins session with check of systems
 - Provides extra time during pauses in conversation
 - Provides enhanced verbal descriptions
 - Makes modifications to limit reactivity as necessary

Training Curriculum... A Beginning

- But we still need to determine
 - Who is appropriate for telehealth services?
 - What types of ABA services are appropriate?





QUESTIONS?



CADD
CENTER FOR AUTISM AND
DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES